

Digital communication uses technology to reach a larger audience in minimal time and with minimal effort, thus helping in the quick and efficient dissemination of information.

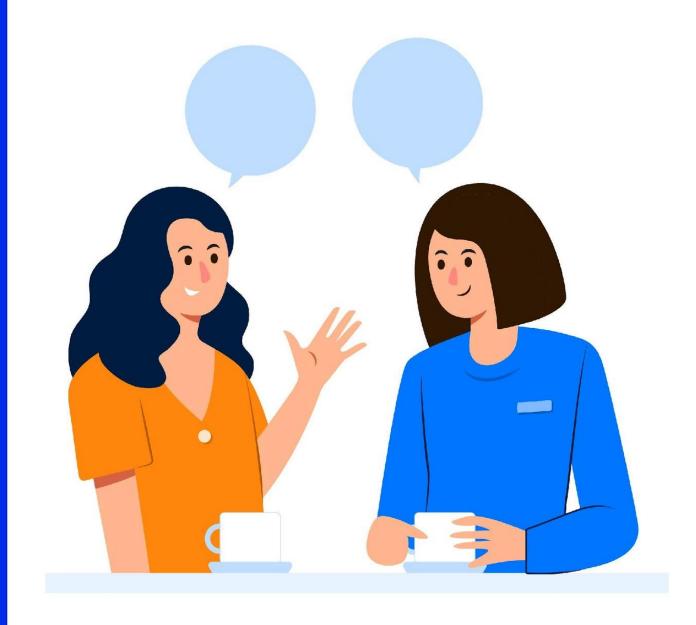
## We shall cover

- Types of communication
- Communicating styles
- Communication platforms
- How much and what to share and with whom
- Safe practices fir secure communication



The safest communication method is talking face-to-face.

Online, we have to consider many factors to make communications safe.





## Offline Communication



**Verbal:** Face-to-face with one or more people; telephonic conversations using traditional sets; radio and TV broadcasts



Non-verbal: body language; tone; eyes; gestures; attire and actions



**Written:** Letters; handwritten or typed memos; messages in school diaries; printed books and magazines



Signs: Sign language; mime



Visuals: Charts; maps; logos

## **Digital Communication**



**Verbal:** Calls via smartphones; video calls; audio messages; recorded videos; live-streaming of content; OTT platforms



Non-Verbal: Use of emoticons and emojis



**Written:** Webpages; E-mails; messages via messaging apps, Chat boxes, gaming apps; PDF docs and PPT; popups on screens; notes and memos from the institution where one studies or works; shared drives; Blogs and micro-blogs



Visual: Video blogs; podcasts; recorded videos

Despite its various advantages, digital networking has some limitations that may hinder smooth and efficient communication

## **How Do Digital Users Communicate?**

- >> Encrypted e-mails: Gmail, Outlook
- >> File-sharing apps: OneDrive, Google
- **Encrypted IM Apps:** Messenger, Telegram, WeChat, Signal, Viber, Threema, Text Vault
- >> Video and Image Hosting apps: YouTube, Vimeo
- Chatrooms: Omega, Chatroulette, MeetYou.Me
- Gaming apps: Discord
- Social media apps: Meta, Insta
- >> Blogs and micro-blogs: Twitter, TechCrunch
- Professional networking: LinkedIn

## Points to Keep in Mind While Using Comm Tools

#### Social media Apps

- Help us to connect, communicate, and build relationships.
- They enable us to reach out to the maximum number of people and build a trusted, dependable clientele, audience, or peer group.
- Need to stay authentic, interesting, and relevant.

## File Sharing Apps

- Very useful for a large number of people, working in an organization, to share, discuss and work on the same files.
- Downloading a file through a P2P network is generally riskier than downloading it from a website, for bad actors can send along malware.

## **Instant Messaging Apps**

- >> Real-time messaging that enable users to exchange voice, video, text, attachments, file links, etc
- Have become very popular with digital users
- Increasingly used by Customer Support of various businesses
- Can lead to sharing of malware and data breach

## **Video and image Hosting Apps**

- Users can upload, manage and share their photos and videos, both publicly or privately
- They are usually safe unless the password gets breached

#### Chatrooms

- Maybe moderated, unmoderated, or banned(blacklisted)
- Banned ones usually contain inappropriate words
- They can become addictive for those who use them

#### **Gaming Apps**

- Some games include chatboxes like JailBreak, Wild West
- Gamers often use chat apps like Discord, TeamSpeak3, Skype, Steam Chat to connect
- Some games, like Call of Duty, also offer Voice chats

#### **Encrypted Emails**

- Encryption prevents unauthorized people from reading messages, by scrambling content
  Blogging and Micro-blogging apps
- A blog is a website where users upload their original entries or share with permission, content on specific or specialized topics. E.g; mashable, Engadget
- Microblogs are limited in word count or timing and are a more regular affair, shared on social media sites to garner faster attention and response. E.g; Pinterest, Twitter

## **Professional Networking Apps**

- >> Help to connect users with other professionals in their field; look for new openings; share knowledge
- >> Help users to find support and solutions to their doubts and queries

## What Can Go Wrong?

#### Misinterpretation of verbal content

Absence of body language
Wrong choice of words
Differences in customs and styles

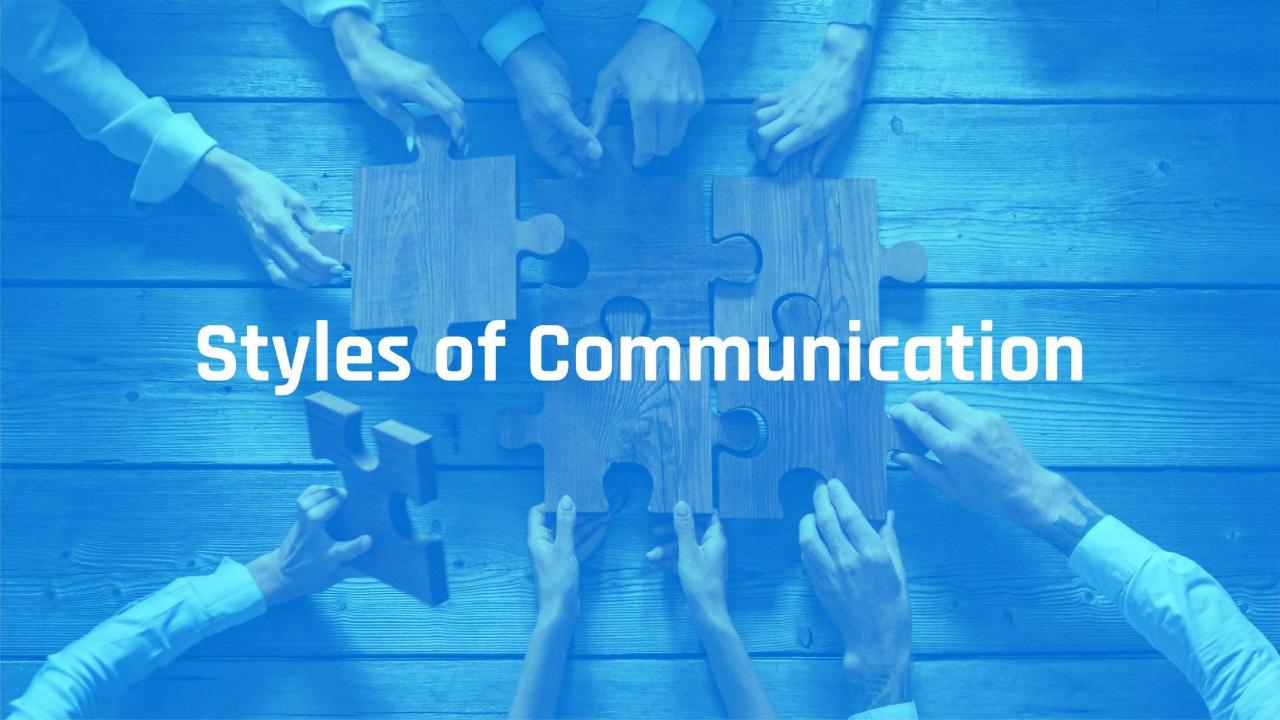
## Misinterpretation of written content

Impatience
Incorrect writing style
Grammatical errors
Wrong use of caps

- Fake content
- Malinformation targeting government, institutions, specific individuals, or communities to create disturbance

- Defamation
- Cyberbullying and hate-mongering
- Quarrels, trolling, abusing
- Grooming
- Brainwashing
- Scams





## Who Are You Networking With?

#### **Formal**

Emails, notes, queries, shared drives

#### Informal

social media apps, gaming sites, chatrooms

#### Semi-formal

- Website helpline, Govt websites, app chats, reporting portals
- Videos, audio recordings



# Efficient and Effective Communication

Good digital communication implies a complete absence of ambiguity, precise content, correct interpretation and response to messages, and responsible use of the digital medium

## Steps to Ensure Proper and Safe Communication

- Keep all your account at max safety limits
- Passwords should be tough-to-guess and kept private
- Keep auto updates on to enable vulnerability patching
- Research and review websites before entering into communication
- Verify before uploading or sharing sensitive documents (email spoofing)
- >> Be mindful of what you say, how you say it, and to whom you say it to

- Use secured communication channels
- Avoid clicking on unsolicited links or downloading unsolicited attachments. Bad actors can compromise your account and use it to communicate fake/incendiary content
- Double-check content clarity, accuracy, summary, and authenticity before sharing or forwarding



## "INFUSING CYBERPEACE IN CYBERSPACE"



## THANK YOU

www.cyberpeace.org secretariat@cyberpeace.net











