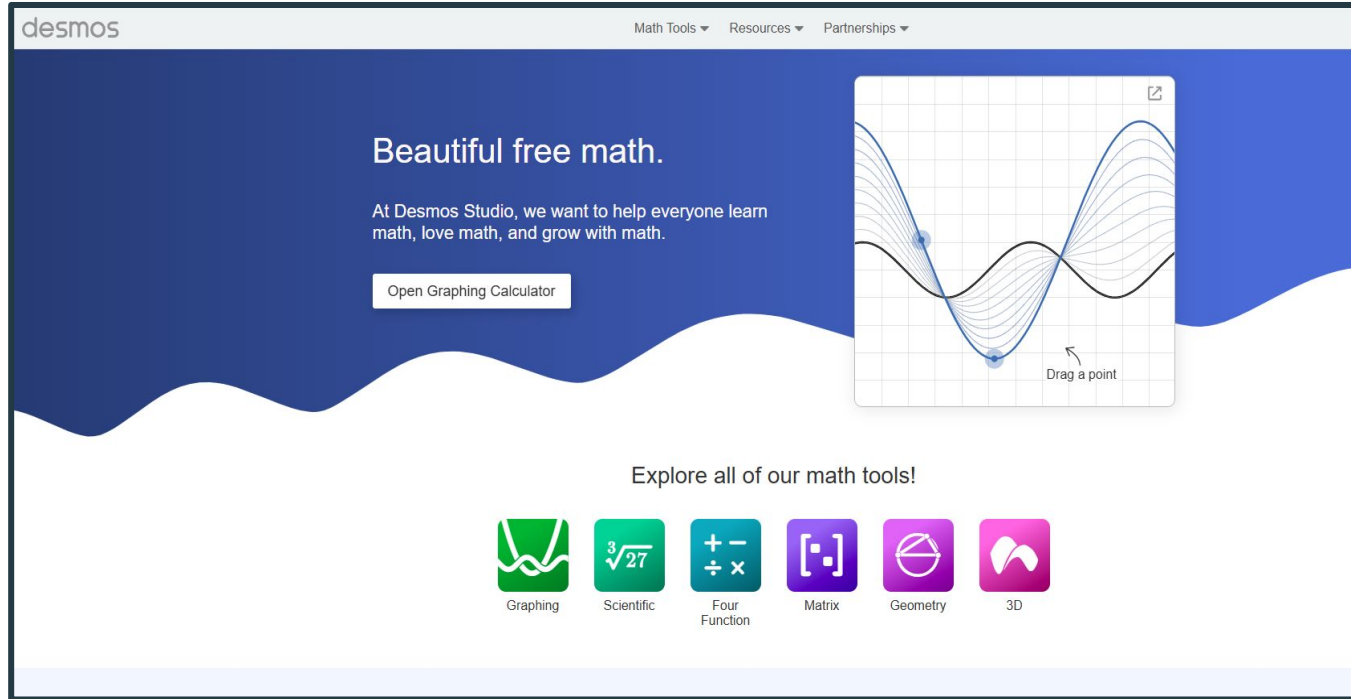


Desmos



Desmos: A New Way to See Math

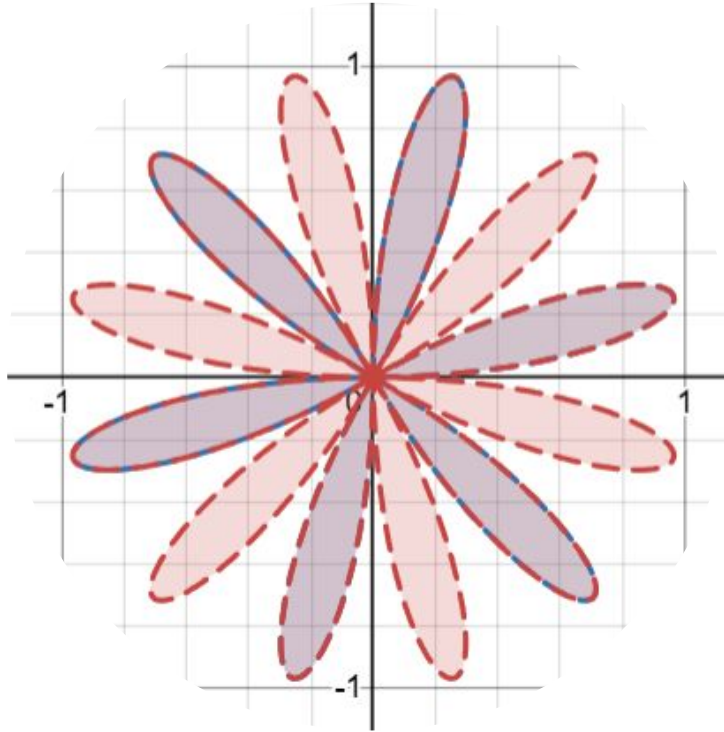
Presented by: Shivani Sharma

Academic Consultant CIET, NCERT

Desmos: A New Way to See Math

01 — Desmos provides powerful graphing calculator capabilities

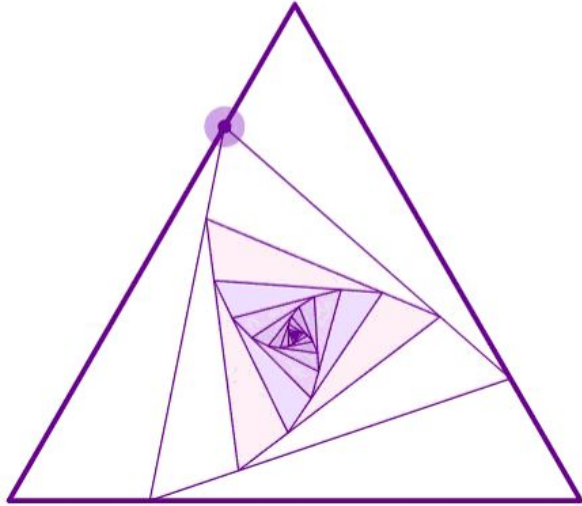
02 — See math in a new way with Desmos tools



03 — Explore mathematical functions with ease using Desmos

04 — Desmos is available as a web and mobile application

Introducing Desmos



- Desmos: an advanced online graphing calculator
- Makes learning math visual and interactive
- Completely free and accessible to everyone
- New way to explore the world of numbers

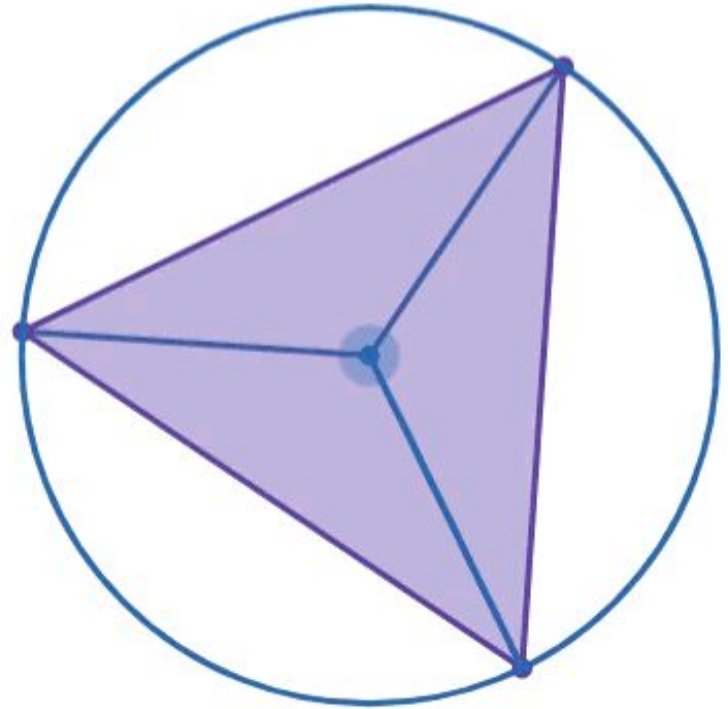
Accessing Desmos

- Desmos website is easily accessible with no installation.
- Access Desmos directly through any web browser. Type **www.desmos.com** in the address bar.
- Compatible with computers, tablets, and smartphones
- Free Desmos mobile apps are available for download



Why Desmos is Important

- Visualizes complex math concepts
- Encourages exploration and discovery
- Promotes accessibility for all
- Fosters creativity in learning



Desmos Key Features

- Dynamic graphing and visualization tools
- Interactive sliders for variable exploration
- Comprehensive scientific calculator functions
- Regressions, statistics, and list operations



The Desmos Suite

- Graphing Calculator for advanced visualizations
- Scientific Calculator for complex equations
- Four Function Calculator for basic arithmetic
- Matrix Calculator for linear algebra problems
- Geometry Tool for interactive geometric constructions
- 3D Calculator for three-dimensional graphing



Explore all of our math tools!



Graphing



Scientific



Four
Function



Matrix



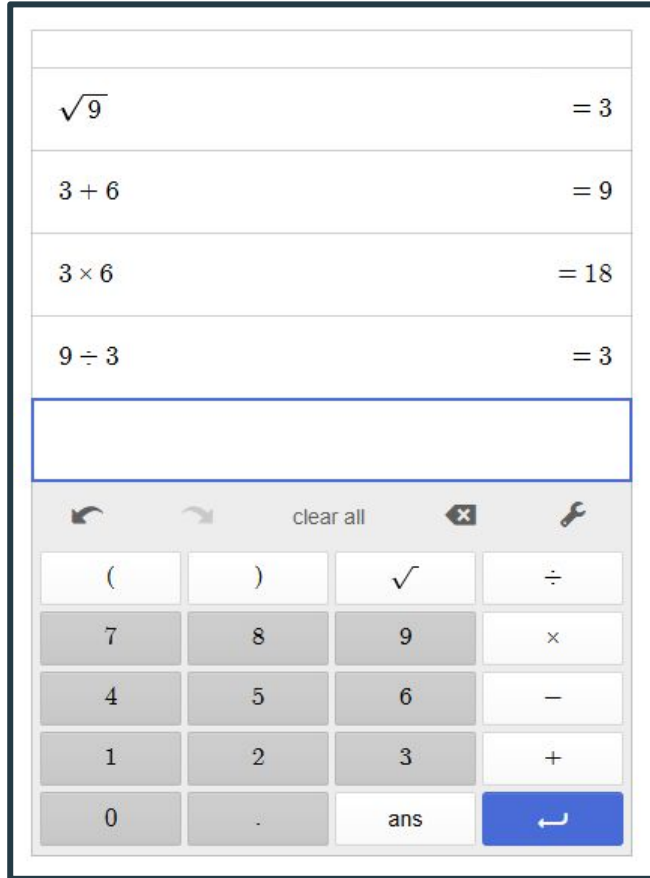
Geometry



3D

Four Function Calculator: Simple

- Designed for quick and easy calculations
- Features the four basic operations
- Includes percentages and square roots
- Perfect for everyday math problems



Scientific Calculator: Overview

The screenshot displays a scientific calculator interface with a white background and a blue border. The top section shows four calculations in a list:

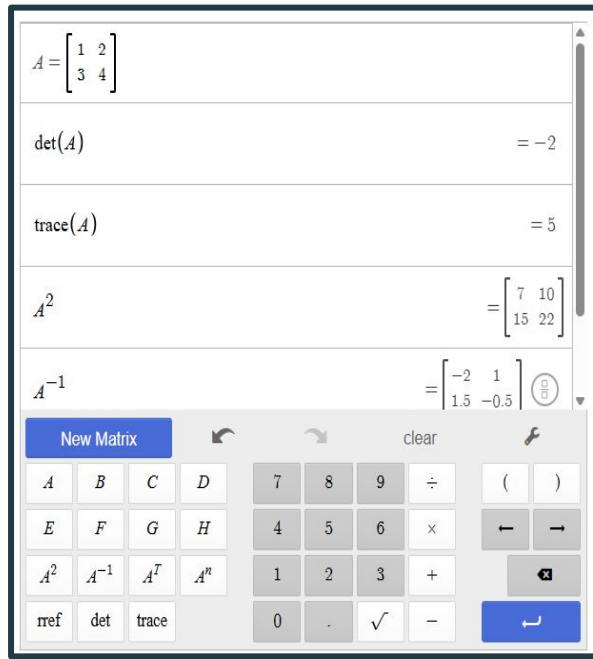
- $\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = 0.01370864253$
- $\log(10) = 1$
- $\sin(e^3) \log(5) = 0.2400421169$
- $\cos^{-1}(0) = 90$

Below the calculations is a keypad with a grey background. The keypad has a top row with tabs: 'main', 'abc', 'func' (highlighted with a blue underline), 'RAD', 'DEG' (highlighted with a blue border), a left arrow, a right arrow, 'clear', and a wrench icon. The keypad is organized into a grid of buttons:

sin	cos	tan	a^b	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt[n]{}$
\sin^{-1}	\cos^{-1}	\tan^{-1}	e^x	abs	round
mean	stdev	stdevp	ln	log	\times
nPr	nCr	!	e	π	\leftarrow

- Performs complex numerical calculations with ease
- Handles basic arithmetic to advanced functions
- Includes trigonometry, logarithms, and exponents
- Simple interface, easier than physical calculators

Matrix Calculator: Overview



01 Create and manipulate matrices of any size

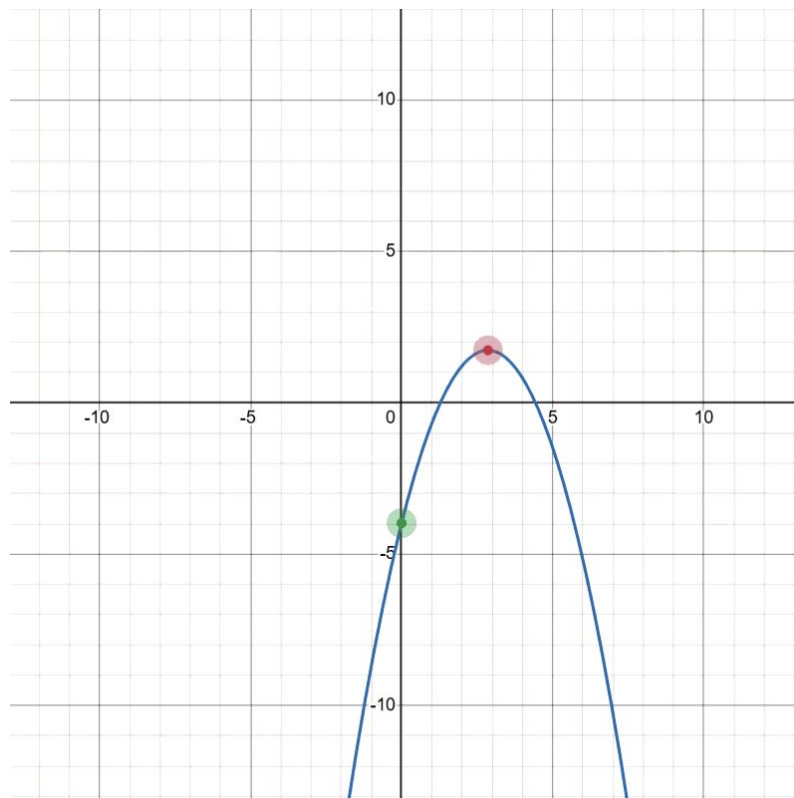
03 Perform essential matrix operations: Addition and Subtraction

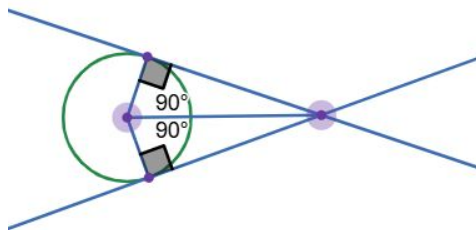
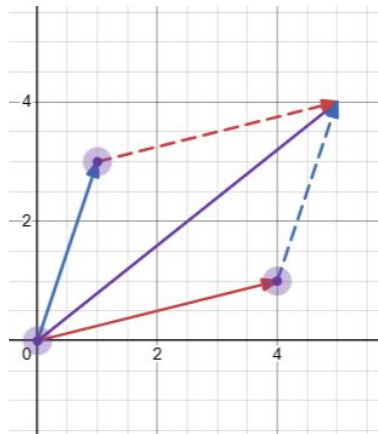
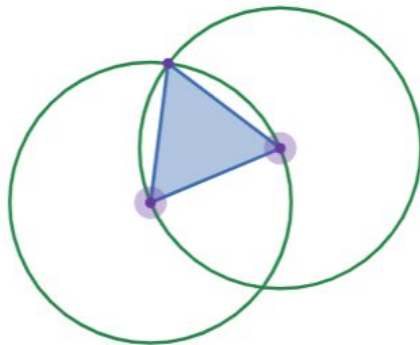
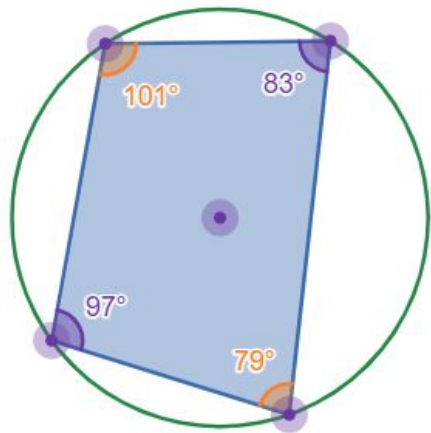
02 Easily create and manipulate matrices of any size

04 Find determinants, inverses, and RREF efficiently

Graphing Calculator in Action

- Write the equation $y = ax^2 + bx + c$
 - Use sliders for a , b , and c
 - Demonstrate how the parabola changes
 - Point out the vertex and axis of symmetry
-
- " a " determines the parabola's shape
 - Positive " a " opens the parabola upwards
 - Negative " a " opens the parabola downwards
 - " c " moves the parabola vertically on the y-axis
 - " b " moves the parabola horizontally



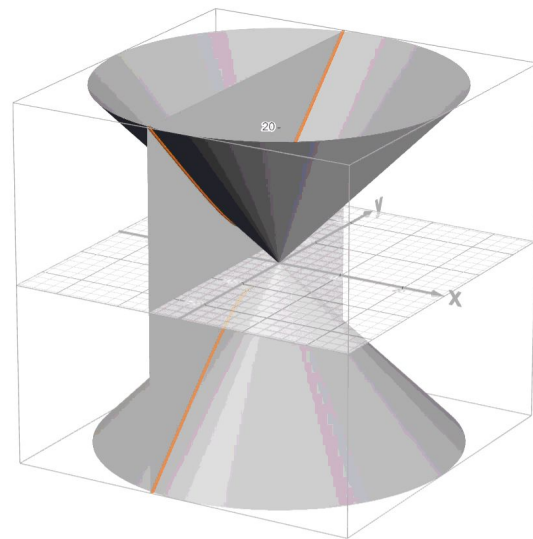
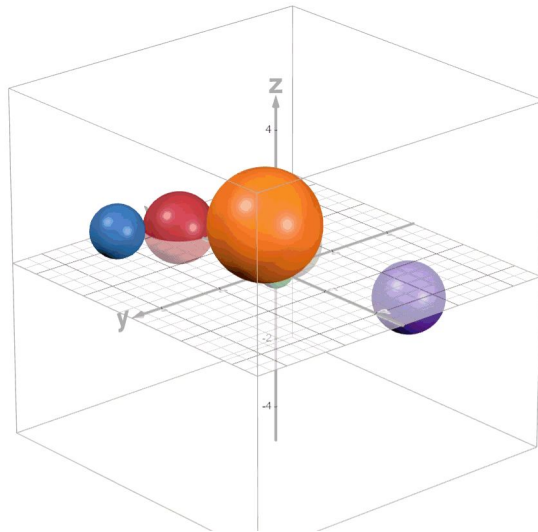
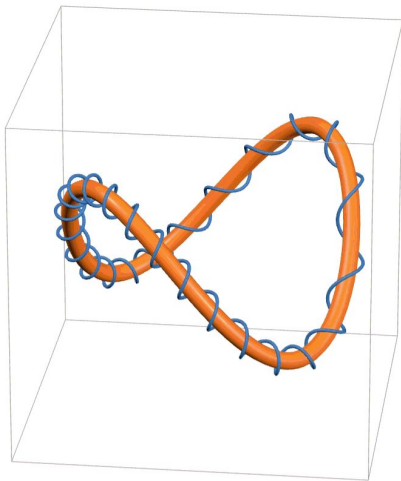


Geometry Tool: Overview

- Explore shapes, proofs, and transformations dynamically
- Construct points, lines, circles, and polygons
- Apply rotations, reflections, and translations
- Measure angles, lengths, and areas precisely
- Visualize and understand geometric theorems

3D Calculator

- Graph and explore three-dimensional surfaces
- Create stunning 3D curves and points
- Rotate and zoom to explore 3D graphs
- Ideal for multivariable calculus visualization



NCERT with Desmos

Example 1 Solve the following linear programming problem graphically:

Maximise $Z = 4x + y$... (1)

subject to the constraints:

$$x + y \leq 50 \quad \dots (2)$$

$$3x + y \leq 90 \quad \dots (3)$$

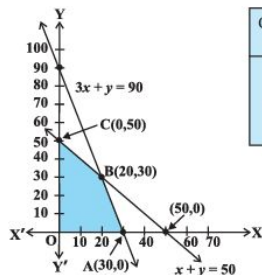
$$x \geq 0, y \geq 0 \quad \dots (4)$$

Solution The shaded region in Fig 12.2 is the feasible region determined by the system of constraints (2) to (4). We observe that the feasible region OABC is **bounded**. So, we now use Corner Point Method to determine the maximum value of Z .

The coordinates of the corner points O, A, B and C are $(0, 0)$, $(30, 0)$, $(20, 30)$ and $(0, 50)$ respectively. Now we evaluate Z at each corner point.

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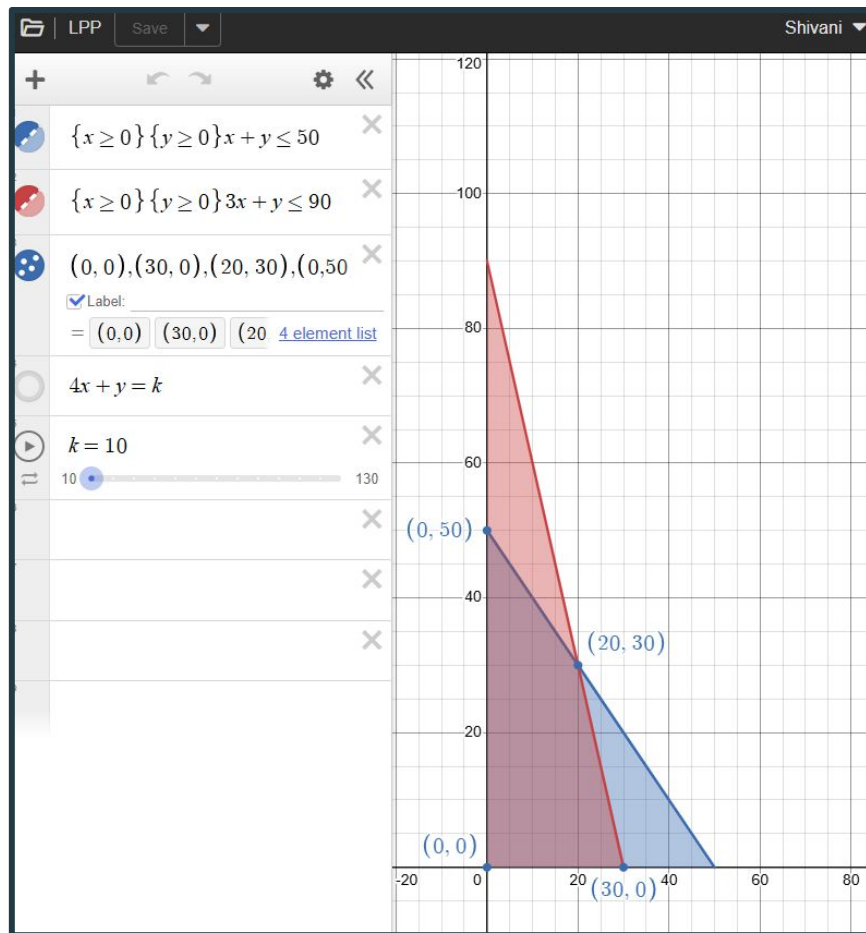
400 MATHEMATICS



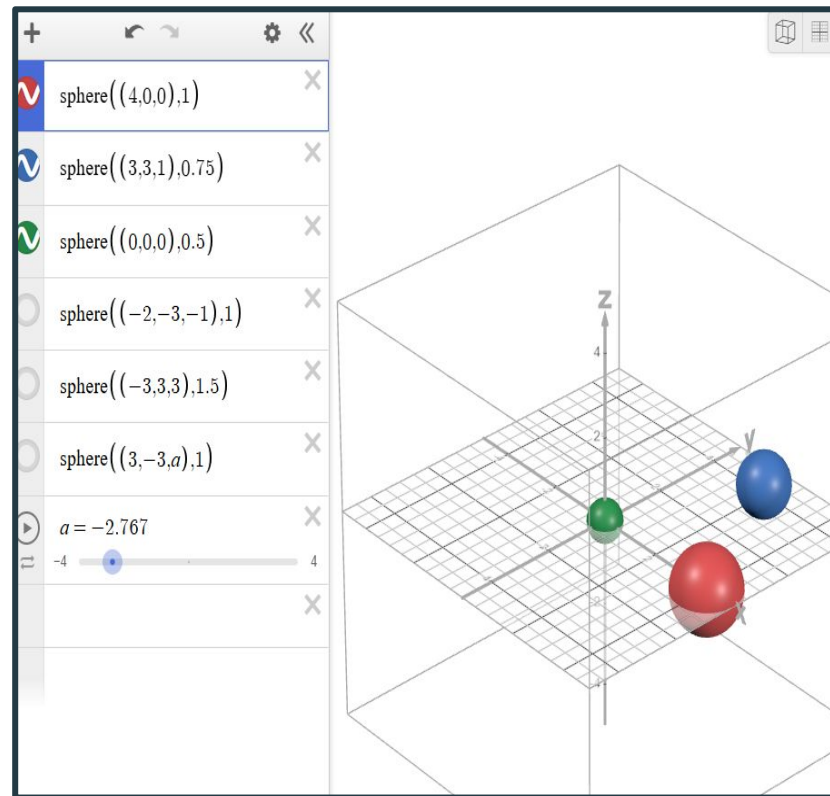
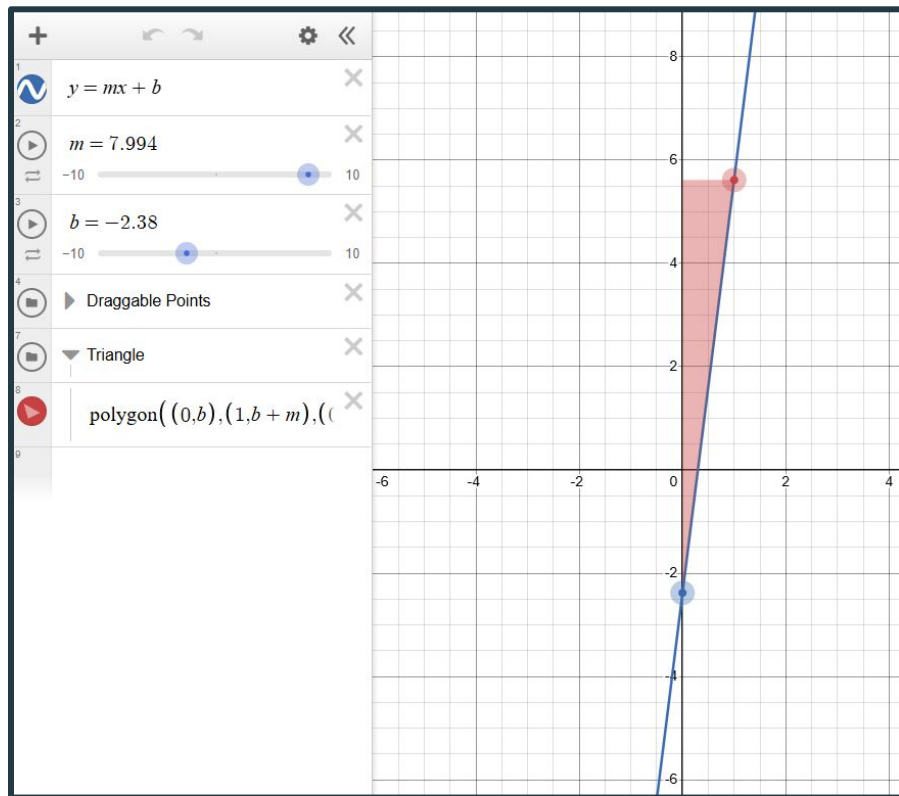
Corner Point	Corresponding value of Z
$(0, 0)$	0
$(30, 0)$	120 ← Maximum
$(20, 30)$	110
$(0, 50)$	50

Fig 12.2

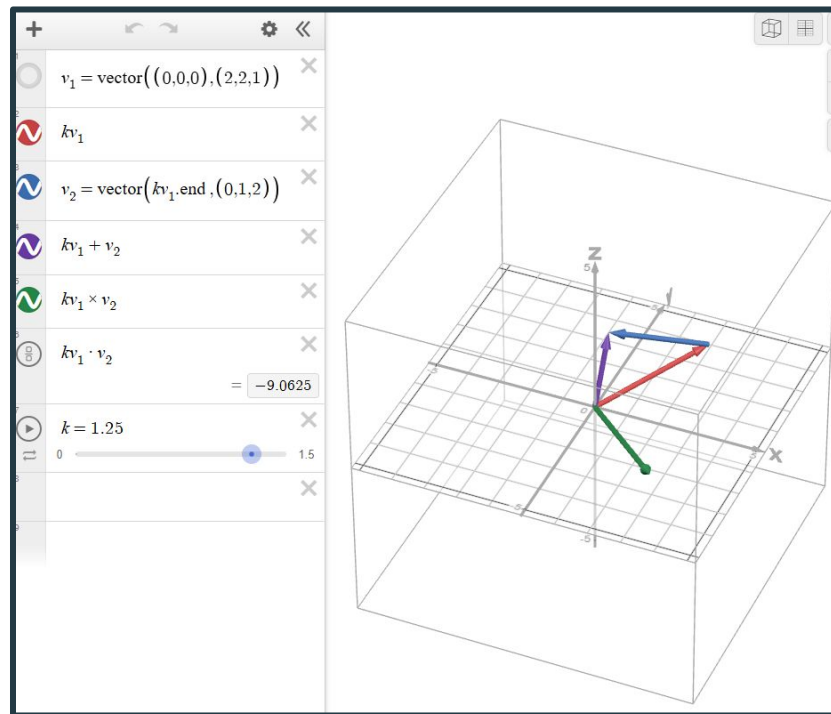
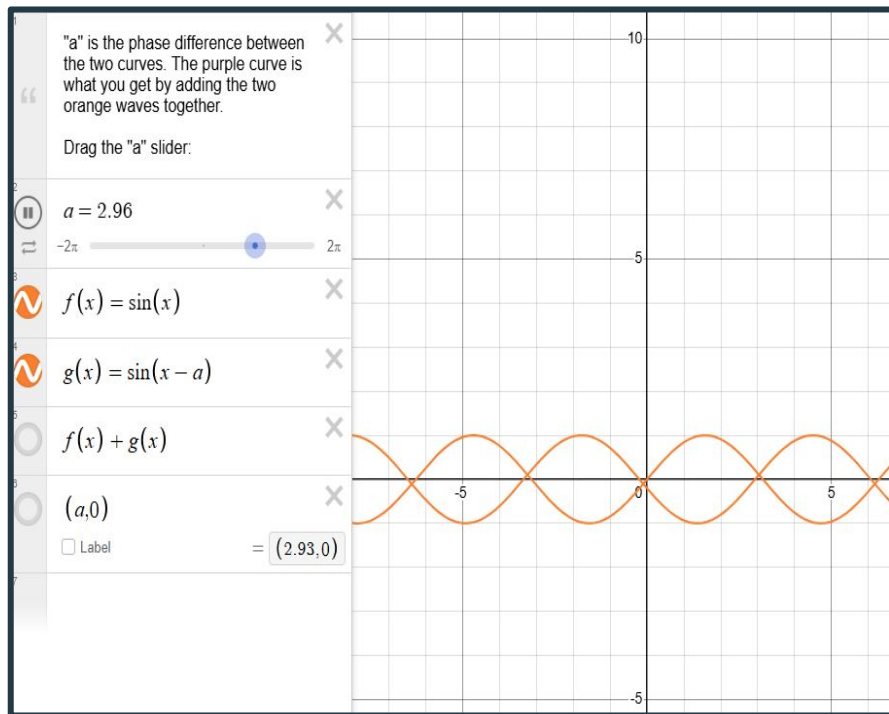
Hence, maximum value of Z is 120 at the point $(30, 0)$.



Some Examples



Some Examples



Desmos: The Verdict



- Desmos offers versatile tools for all math levels
- It is freely accessible online and easy to use
- Visualizations make math intuitive and engaging
- Connects equations to graphs for better understanding



THANK YOU!